USN

Fourth Semester MCA Degree Examination, June/July 2011 Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- a. Mention the characteristics of a good algorithm. Explain the algorithm design and analysis process, with a neat flow chart. (10 Marks)
 - b. In how many ways a graph can be represented in computer? Explain with examples.

(05 Marks)

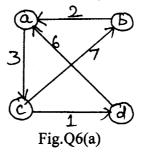
- c. Write an algorithm to select second largest element in a given set of N numbers. (05 Marks)
- 2 a. Define space and time complexities. Explain the commonly used asymptotic notations, with an example each. (10 Marks)
 - b. Suggest a general plan for analyzing the efficiency of recursive algorithms. Apply the plan to analyze the efficiency of the Tower of Hanoi algorithm. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Solve the following recurrence relations:
 - i) T(n) = 2.T(n/2) + 1, for n > 1, T(1) = 1, $n = 2^k$.
 - ii) T(n) = 2.T(n-2) + 1, for T(1) = 1, n > 1.
 - b. Write the Brute force string matching algorithm and determine the number of character comparisons required in searching for the pattern ABABC using the above algorithm in the text: BAABABACCA (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain a method to multiply two large integers based on divide and conquer strategy.

 Analyze the algorithm to multiply the integers 121 and 234. (08 Marks)
- 4 a. Write the DFS traversal algorithm of a graph and calculate its worst case efficiency.

(10 Marks)

(06 Marks)

- b. What is a heap? Outline an algorithm to construct a bottom-up heap. Sort the following elements using heap sort technique: 2, 7, 3, 6, 4, 8, 9. (10 Marks)
- 5 a. What is AVL tree? Explain various rotations associated with AVL trees. Also, explain how AVL trees are used as search trees. (10 Marks)
 - b. Write an algorithm to sort a given list using comparison counting. Trace the algorithm for the following list: 18, 35, 15, 50, 25. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Outline the Floyd's algorithm. Find all pair shortest path for the following graph using the Floyd's algorithm [Refer Fig.Q6(a)]. (10 Marks)



b. Solve the following knapsack problem using the dynamic programming: Capacity, W = 5.

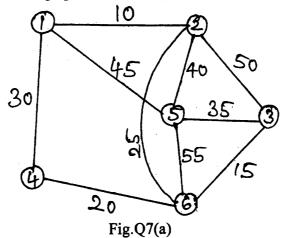
 Item:
 1
 2
 3
 4

 Weight:
 2
 1
 3
 2

 Value:
 12
 10
 20
 15

(10 Marks)

7 a. Write Prim's algorithm to find the minimum cost spanning tree. Apply it to find the minimum spanning tree for the graph shown in Fig.Q7(a). (10 Marks)



- b. Explain how branch and bound technique can be used to solve i) Knapsack problem and ii) Traveling salesman problem.

 (07 Marks)

 (10 Marks)
- 8 Write short notes on the following:
 - a. N-Queens problem
 - b. NP and NP complete problems
 - c. Huffman trees

d. Exhaustive search

(20 Marks)

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